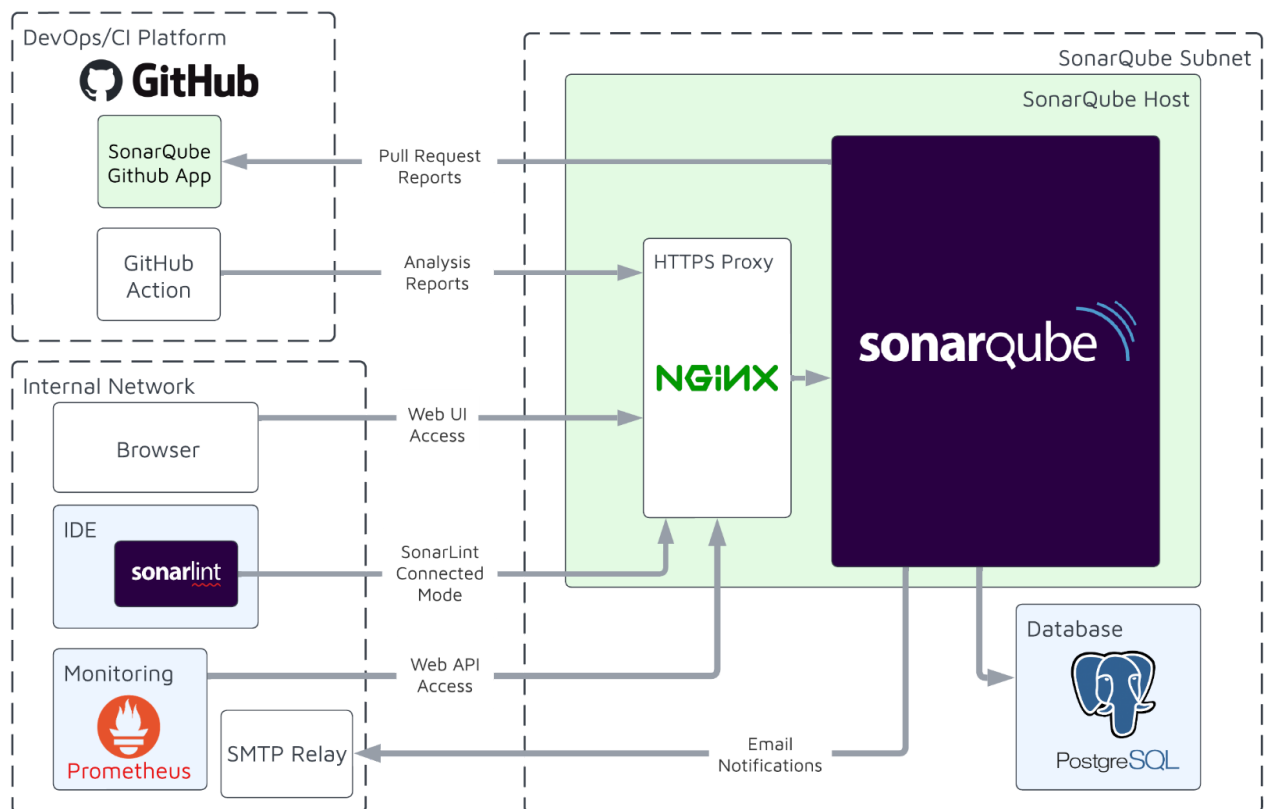




Reference Architecture: VM-based SonarQube

This architecture describes the setup of a SonarQube instance that will support up to 10 million lines of code under normal usage patterns in a non-high availability setup. This architecture covers the following components:

- A virtual machine host with **SonarQube** (Developer or Enterprise Edition) installed and an **nginx** HTTPS proxy
- **PostgreSQL** database on a dedicated host
- Analysis integrated with **GitHub Actions**
- Authentication through **GitHub.com**
- Monitoring with **Prometheus**
- Outbound email notifications using an SMTP relay



Component Detail

This architecture favors use of open source components when available. These may be substituted with other similarly-capable components and it is recommended that organizations use components that their are comfortable supporting.

SonarQube Host

The SonarQube Host will have the SonarQube software installed as well as nginx acting as an HTTPS proxy.

Specification

VM Configuration	AWS EC2	Azure VM	GCE
4 vCPU 8 GB RAM 50GB SSD Local Storage	c5d.large	F4s_v2	c3-highcpu-4

Networking

Source/Destination	Direction	Port (Protocol)	Notes
SonarQube host	Outbound	5432	Database
	Outbound	25 (SMTP)	Email notifications
Internal network (user desktops)	Inbound	443 (HTTPS)	Inbound web and API traffic
CI platform (GitHub Runners)	Inbound	443 (HTTPS)	Analysis reports
DevOps platform (GitHub.com)	Outbound	443 (HTTPS)	Pull Request reports

Software

- OS - Ubuntu Server (or other Linux distribution)
- OpenJDK 17
- SonarQube Developer or Enterprise Edition
 - If using Enterprise Edition, up to two Compute Engine workers ([see documentation](#))
- nginx
 - Configured as a reverse proxy between incoming traffic and SonarQube port 9000.
 - Secured with SSL. Use of self-signed SSL certificates will require installation of the certificate on all CI build agents, and developer desktops using SonarLint
 - May be substituted with other reverse proxy (ex. haproxy) or a solution from a cloud provider, such as an AWS Application Load Balancer (ALB)

Reference

- [Prerequisites](#)
- [Installing the server](#)
- [Securing the server behind a proxy](#)

Database

This architecture utilizes a dedicated PostgreSQL database installed on a separate host.

VM Configuration	AWS RDS	Azure SQL	Google Cloud SQL
2 vCPU 8 GB RAM	db.t3.large	B2ms	2 vCPU 8 GB memory
All: 30 GB table space			

Database requirements can widely vary based on the usage patterns of each SonarQube installation. It is important that database resources are closely monitored and adjusted as needed.

PostgreSQL may be substituted with other supported database platforms.

Reference

- [Supported database platforms](#)

DevOps/CI Platform

Automated analysis of source code is enabled through the installation of the various SonarScanners into continuous integration pipelines. When using GitHub Actions, scans are initiated through the repository's workflow YAML file(s).

Upon analysis completion, SonarQube submits reports back to pull requests to integrate with code review processes. This functionality is enabled in GitHub.com using a GitHub App.

GitHub.com may be substituted with other supported DevOps and/or CI platforms without changes to other components in this architecture.

Reference

- [Github integration](#)

Authentication

It is recommended that authentication and authorization be handled through an external identity provider. The architecture utilizes the GitHub App to authorize users and synchronize access to SonarQube projects.

Other external identity providers such as SAML may be substituted. *Features such as group and permission synchronization are not available for all authentication methods.*

Reference

- [Github authentication](#)

Monitoring

SonarQube exposes endpoints that are easy to monitor using Prometheus or other monitoring solutions. In addition to the overall system health of both the SonarQube host and database, it is recommended to monitor SonarQube's Compute Engine performance statistics to ensure incoming analyses are being promptly processed.

Reference

- [Monitoring SonarQube](#)

Email

Users can be notified of new issues and events via email. SonarQube will deliver these notifications through an SMTP mail relay. The volume of emails is low, dependent on the number of users subscribed, and a dedicated SMTP server is typically not required.

Reference

- [SonarQube notifications](#)

Resiliency

As a single-host installation, this architecture relies on robust monitoring, automated backups of the database, and a rapid recovery process to maximize resiliency. If high availability is critical, SonarQube Data Center edition is recommended.

Scalability

This architecture is designed to support typical production usage for up to 10 million lines of code. Beyond this, it is recommended that organizations use SonarQube Enterprise Edition or Data Center Edition to support high-volume workloads.

The following use cases are considered outside of “normal usage” and may require additional capacity:

High-frequency analysis

Normal usage assumes a daily scan of main branches and analysis of several pull requests. Scanning code more frequently may require an increase in the number of Compute Engine workers (using SonarQube Enterprise Edition) as well as additional memory and CPU resources allocated to SonarQube’s Compute Engine process. Monitoring of the Compute Engine process will ensure that your installation can keep up with demand.

Large repositories

This architecture assumes analyzed repositories average 50,000 lines of code. If your organization is scanning a majority of very large repositories (where the repositories average 500,000 lines of code or more), additional memory and CPU resources may be required for SonarQube’s Compute Engine process.

Heavy API integration

SonarQube exposes a REST-based API for reporting and automation of administration tasks. This architecture assumes occasional use of this API. Heavy use of this API may require the allocation of additional memory and CPU resources to SonarQube's Web process.

Third-party plugins

This architecture assumes that no third-party plugins are in use. As these extensions are developed by open-source developers, their impact on the performance of a SonarQube instance varies based on the function being performed and the quality of the implementation. It is recommended that the use of third-party plugins is carefully considered and monitored for performance throughout the life of your SonarQube implementation.